

User Manual *ControlPlex*[®] CPC20PN Controller



2 General information

This manual points out possible danger for your personal safety and gives instruction how to avoid property damage. The following safety symbols are used to draw the reader's attention to the safety instructions included in this manual.



Danger!

Danger to life and limb unless the following safety precautions are taken.



Warning

Danger to machinery, materials or the environment unless the following safety precautions are taken.



Note

Information is provided to allow a better understanding.



Caution

Electrostatically sensitive devices (ESD). Devices must exclusively be opened by the manufacturer.



Disposal guidelines

Packaging can be recycled and should generally be brought to re-use.

2.2 Qualified personnel

This user manual must exclusively be used by qualified personnel, who are able – based on their training and experience – to realise arising problems when handling the product and to avoid related hazards. These persons have to ensure that the use of the product described here meets the safety requirements as well as the requirements of the presently valid directives, standards and laws.

2.3 Use

The product is part of a continuous enhancement process. Therefore there might be deviations between the product in hand and this documentation. These deviations will be remedied by a regular review and resulting corrections in future editions. The right to make changes without notice is reserved. Error and omissions excepted.

2.4 Delivery state

The product is supplied with a defined hardware and software configuration. Any changes in excess of the documented options are not permitted and lead to liability exclusion.

3 General description

Requirements regarding transparency and flexibility are constantly growing in industrial applications. Modern automation technology meets these requirements with cross-linked components and their communication capabilities in a range of business levels and sectors. Control and computer-aided solutions are no longer the sole focus, but monitoring of individual components and processes becomes more and more important. This is exactly the target application area of the intelligent and bus-capable power distribution system **ControlPlex**[®]. It serves for the protection of industrial applications as well for monitoring and control. The CPC20 bus controller is the centre piece of the system. It analyses measuring data, indicates error and transmits the information to the superordinate control systems by means of standard bus systems. Its OPC* UA interface offers the option of direct communication with a company's IT infrastructure.

The CPC20 has been designed as a system in connection with module 18plus. It consists of a supply module for supply of max. 80 A. Up to 16 connection modules can be connected, each of them accommodating one double-channel electronic circuit protector. In the end the user has max. 32 channels for his protection system. When using a transfer module, the number of channels can even be doubled once more. Thus the CPC20

offers a maximum number of 64 channels. Communication options comprise transmission of the operating condition, of measuring values and device information regarding the connected components, but also changes of the product-specific parameters such as current ratings and execution of actions, e.g. ON and OFF operation.

Information can be transmitted in a cyclical or non-cyclical mode to the superordinate control system, the Ethernet interface or via an available service interface to the connected service computer. If no connection is available to a superordinate control unit, this will have no effect on the behaviour of the connected circuit protectors. The bus controller is able to ensure their functionality even without a connection to a superordinate control unit. The saved parameters will be used for this purpose.

The **ControlPlex**[®] intelligent power distribution system offers the well-known E-T-A quality and reliability with regard to overcurrent protection in combination with the innovative functionalities on the score of automation technology.

** under preparation. Can be retrofitted via firmware update when available.*

3.1 Design of the entire system

The CPC20 bus controller is the centre piece of the **ControlPlex**® system. It allows consistent communication between the ESX60D electronic circuit protectors and the superordinate control level, connected HMIs and even into the Cloud.

The PROFINET interface to the superordinate control unit is implemented as two RJ45 connectors. It allows connection of the required control unit with the **ControlPlex**® system. This enables display, analysis as well as diagnosis of the individual measuring values. In addition, it allows control of the individual electronic circuit protectors. An additional Ethernet interface enables direct access of the integral web server of the bus controller. Service staff can thus directly access the

system on site. Moreover, access via the connected infrastructure of the company is enabled and thus global access. OPC UA* and MQTT* allow transmission of all measuring values and status information e.g. to a superordinate cloud application, independently of the control system.

Revised measuring values of all electronic circuit protectors are also forwarded to the automation system. This enables the user to have unrestricted access to the safety-relevant functions even in the event of an interruption. Any occurring failures will be detected quickly and can be remedied without delay. The **ControlPlex**® system effectively reduces system downtimes and significantly increases the productivity.

16 power distribution modules with up to 16 2-channel ESX60D electronic circuit protectors can be directly connected to the CPC20 bus controller. This number can be doubled with the transfer module. Thus the bus controller operates up to 64 channels. This is done in a cycle time of 520 ms.

** under preparation. Can be retrofitted via firmware update when available.*

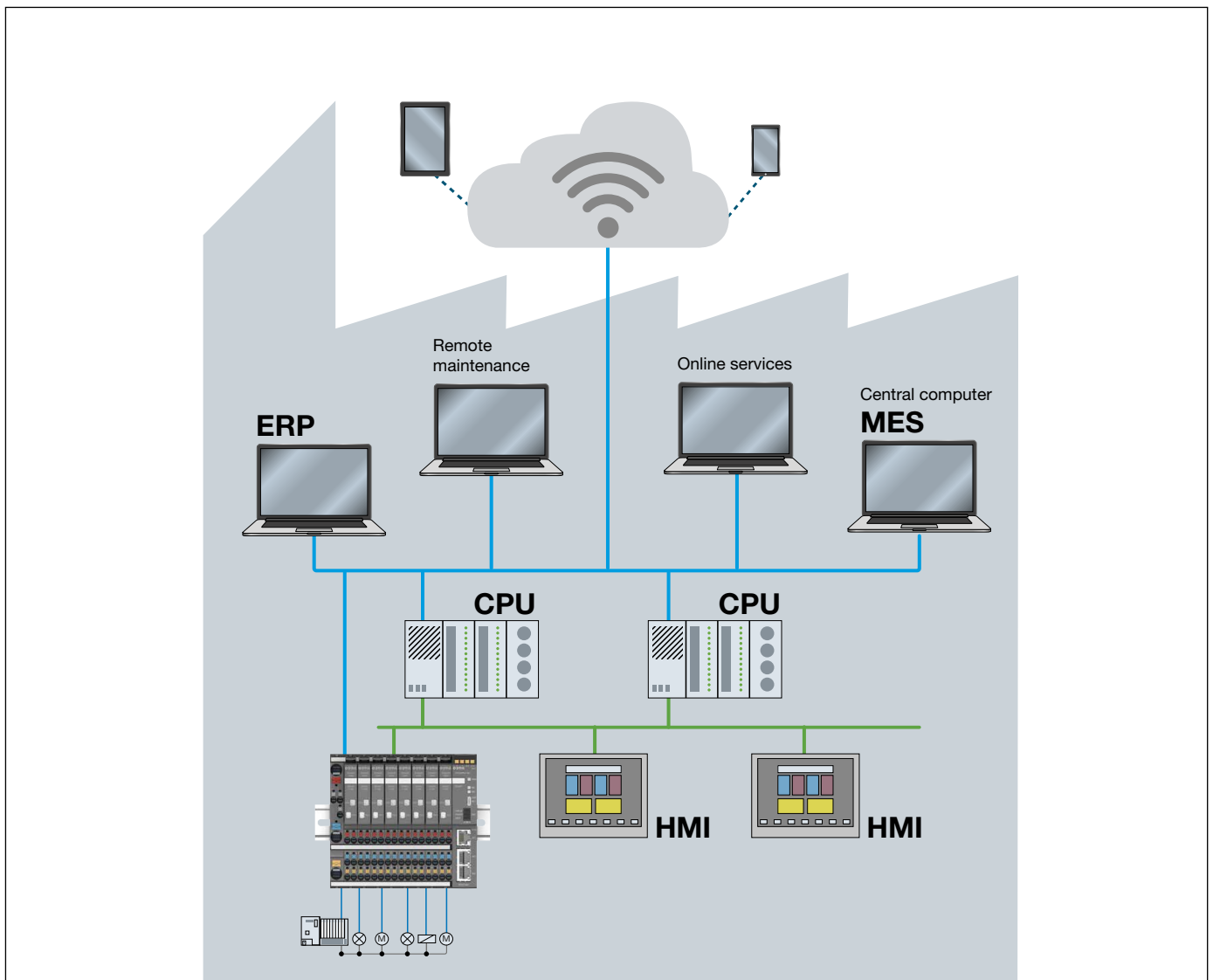


fig. 1: System overview

3.2 Dimensions CPC20

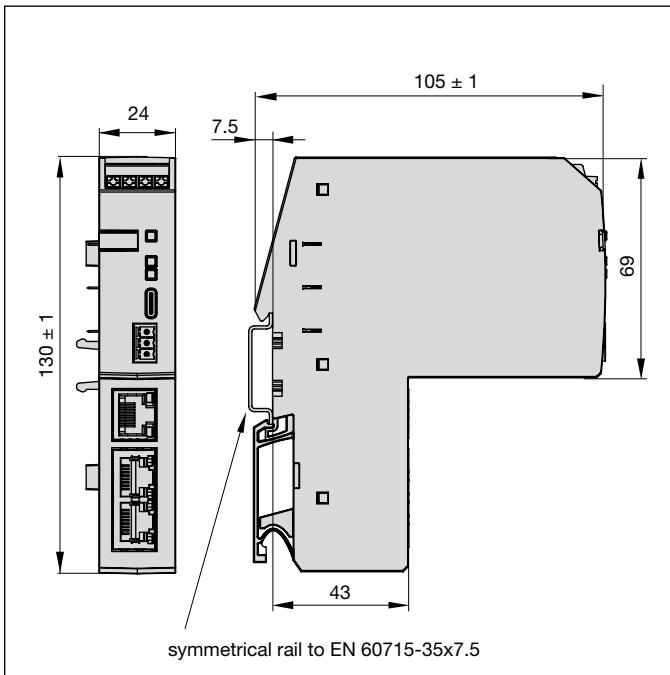


fig. 2: Dimensions CPC20

3.4 Dimensions 18plus- AM03 connection module

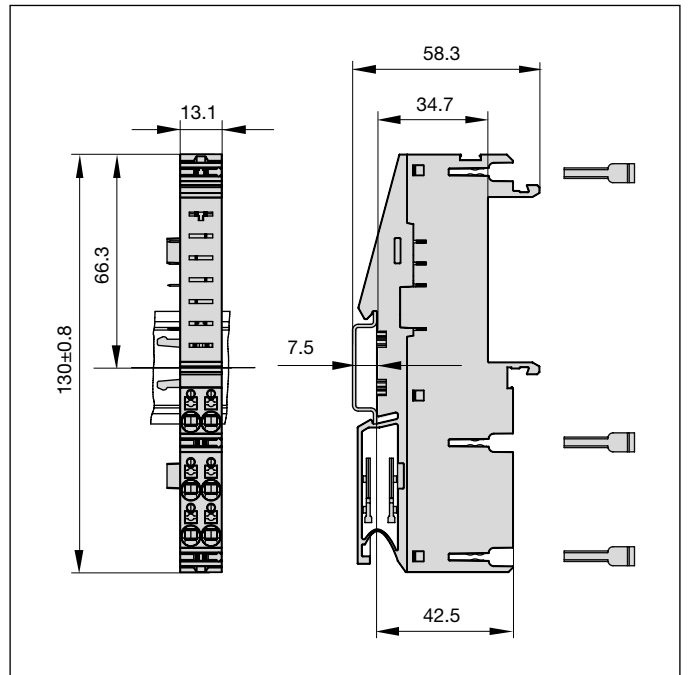


fig. 4: Dimensions of 18plus-AM03 connection module

3.3 Dimensions 18plus-EM03 supply module

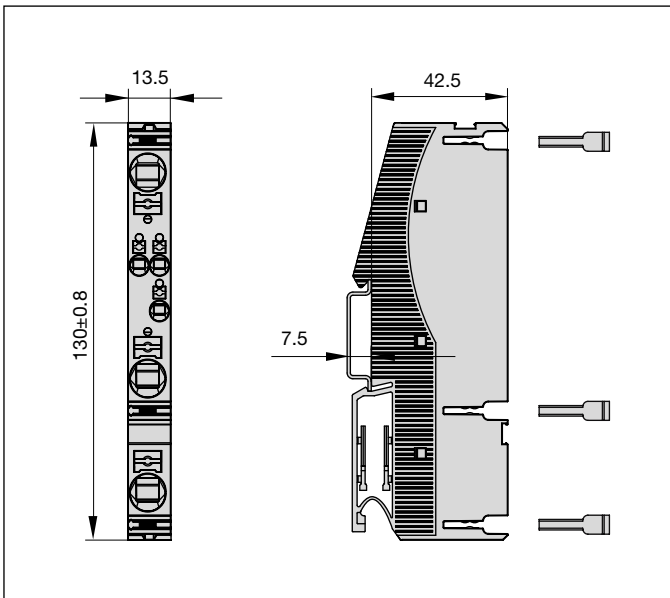


fig. 3: Dimensions of 18plus-EM03 supply module

3.5 Dimensions 18plus-TM03 transfer module

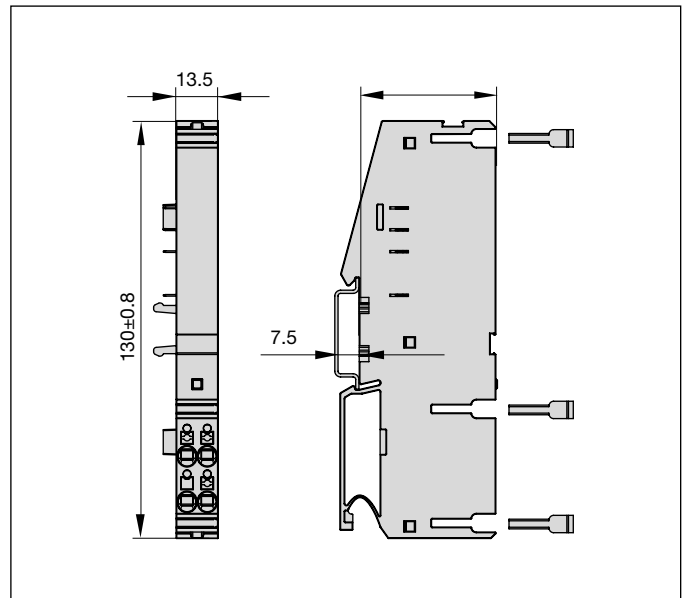


fig. 5: Dimensions of 18plus-TM03 transfer module

3.6 Dimensions of 18plus-AM03 connection module with ESX60D

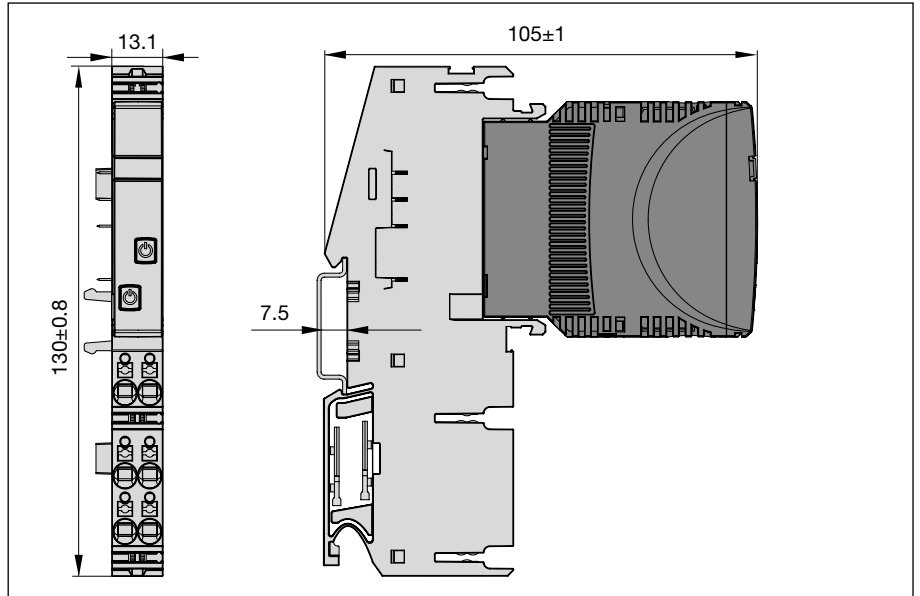


fig. 6: Dimensions of 18plus-AM03 connection module fitted with ESX60D

3.7 Status indication and terminals

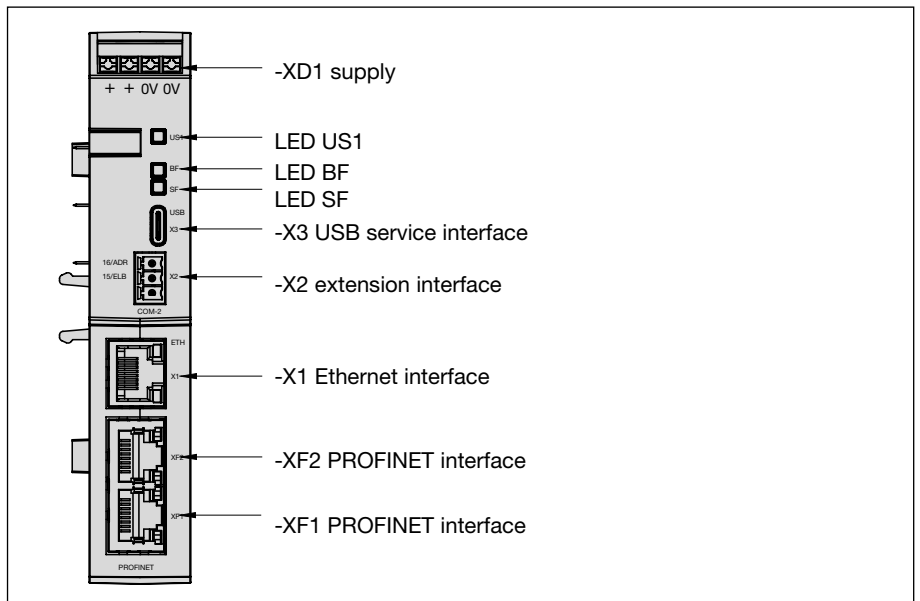


fig. 7: Status indication and terminals CPC20


3.7.1 Terminals for voltage supply


supply XD1

Voltage ratings: DC 24 V ($\pm 10\%$ 18 ... 30 V)
 Rated current: typically 160 mA

Terminal design: 4 x push-in terminals (+/+0V/0V)

Max. cable cross section rigid	0.2 – 2.5 mm ²
flexible with wire end ferrule (with plastic sleeve)	0.2 – 2.5 mm ²
flexible with wire end ferrule (without plastic sleeve)	0.2 – 2.5 mm ²
stripping length	11 mm


 Using a supply voltage outside the indicated operating range can cause malfunctions or destruction of the device.

 The CPC20 has a direct and fixed connection between the housing shield of the RJ45 connectors (XF1, XF2 and X1) and the 0V of X41.

3.7.2 Connector for the additional ELBus®

X2 Direct connection with 18plus (no wiring required)

X52COM-2: Connection for the second power distribution system 18plus
 Cable length max. 3 m
 typically H07V-K 1.5 mm²
 15: Data line **ELBus®** COM
 16: Addressing

 Use of the terminals for applications not provided for in the operation manual or improper connection can lead to malfunction or destruction of the device.

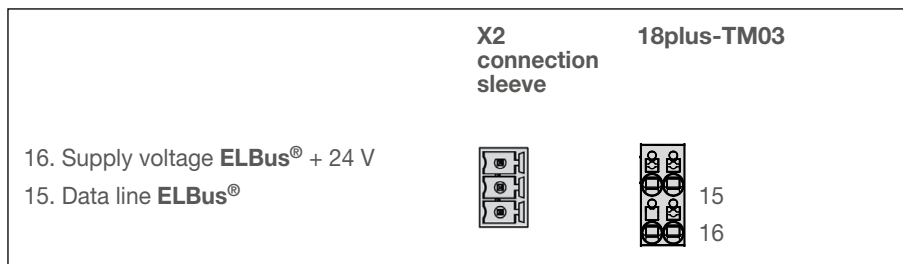


fig. 8: ELBus® connection

3.7.3 USB service and maintenance interface, terminal X3)

The USB interface serves for connection of the service computer. The available user software **ControlPlex® Views** provides the option to carry out firmware updates.

3.7.4 PROFINET interfaces with integral switch, connection sleeve XF1, XF2

XF1 Connection to bus system PROFINET
Type: RJ45

When wiring and connecting to the bus system PROFINET the installation and wiring regulations of the PROFIBUS User Organisation (PNO) have to be observed.

XF2 Connection to bus system PROFINET
Type: RJ45

When wiring and connecting to the bus system PROFINET the installation and wiring regulations of the PROFIBUS User Organisation (PNO) have to be observed

3.7.5 ETHERNET interface, connection sleeve X1

X1 connection with bus controller CPC20
Type: RJ45

3.7.6 LED status indication

LED	colour	description
US1	green	Normal duty, SF or BF possible.
	orange	The breaker is in the start-up phase.
	red blinking	Firmware update is presently carried out.
BF	orange	The breaker is in the start-up phase.
	red blinking	Firmware update is presently carried out.
	red	Bus error
SF	orange	The breaker is in the start-up phase.
	red blinking	Firmware update is presently carried out.
	red	System error
ACT	OFF	No activity
	blinking yellow	Activity available
LNK	OFF	No link available
	green blinking	PROFINET devices localisation
	green	Link available

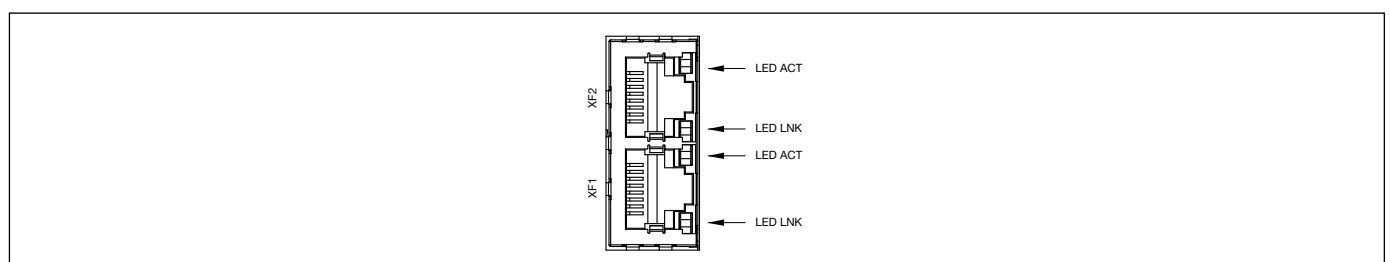


fig. 9: Signalling RJ45 connectors

4 Mounting and installation

4.1 Mounting of the system

The preferred mounting position of the **ControlPlex** system is horizontal.

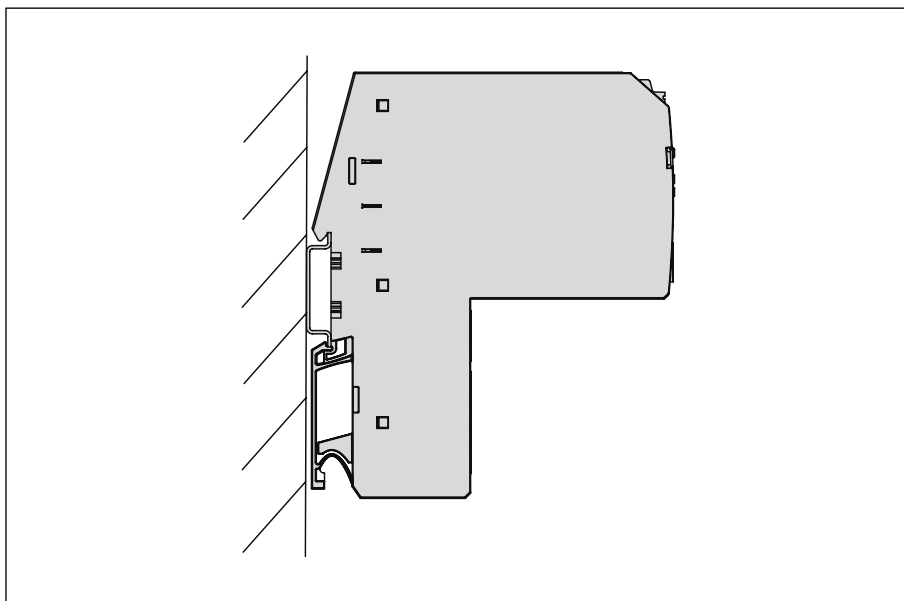


fig. 10: Installation drawing

4.2 System installation

Connection of CPC20 bus controller with 18plus-TM03 transfer module for extension of the number of circuit protectors to be connected to 32 devices.

The connection between CPC20 and the 18plus-TM03 has to be realised manually.

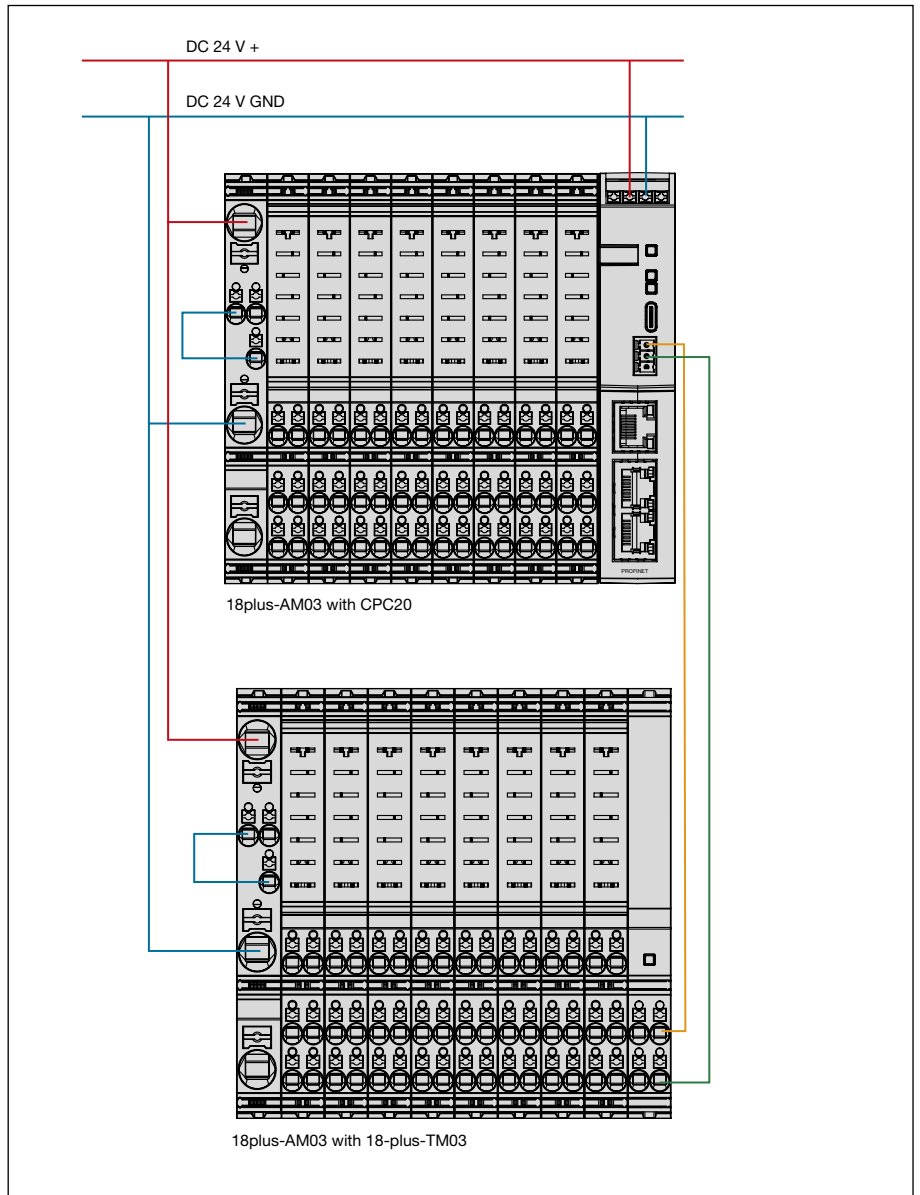


fig. 11: System installation

5 Operating modes of the CPC20 bus controller

5.1 Operating mode: Start-up mode

The CPC20 bus controller is initialised by applying the supply voltage. The device will carry out implemented programme memory tests and self test routines. During this time a communication via the interfaces is not possible.

5.2 Operating mode: System error mode

If a failure is detected during the self test routines, the bus controller will change into operating mode System Error. This operating mode can only be discontinued by way of re-starting the device and it prevents the data exchange via the interfaces. If the bus controller is in this operating mode, it is unable to control the electronic circuit protectors and these will stay in the stand-alone mode (overcurrent protection).

5.3 Operating mode: Configuration error mode

If there are no valid or invalid configuration data available in the bus controller, it will change into this operating mode. This operating mode only allows non-cyclical data exchange. Cyclical data exchange is prevented. Leave this operating mode upon receipt of the correct slot parameters and configuration data.

5.4 Operating mode: stand-alone mode

In normal duty there is a connection between the bus controller and the superordinate control unit. Thus the control of the electronic circuit protectors and the change of their parameters is executed by the superordinate control unit. Should the communication between both participants fail, this has no influence on the protective function of the circuit protectors. In this case the CPC20 bus controller will automatically adopt the control and parameterisation of the electronic circuit protectors, because all required data sets are saved within the CPC20. By means of the web server, the electronic circuit protectors, their status and parameters can be accessed via the Ethernet interface

interface. It is thus possible to change e.g. parameter data of the various electronic circuit protectors. If the failure on the communication level is remedied, this operating mode will be left and the superordinate control unit will take over control again as master. If during this time a parameter was changed while there was no communication, this will be signalled to the superordinate control unit. In this case the user can correspondingly define the control behaviour and it can be programmed in the programmable control unit. This allows the user to select a reaction meeting his requirements.

5.5 Operating mode: Slave mode

In this operating mode the CPC20 is involved in a PROFINET system. Communication to the CPC20 bus controller works faultlessly and the controller can be addressed and controlled by the superordinate control unit.

The behaviour of the bus controller with simultaneous use of a field bus interface and of the web server or the USB service and maintenance interface can be determined by means of the configuration of the device in the superordinate control unit. It can be pre-selected there that Ethernet and/or the USB service and maintenance interface are granted either only reader access or reader and editor access. In the event of editor access, changes of the parameterisation of the electronic circuit protectors can be carried out in parallel to the field bus system. These parameter changes will then be advised to the superordinate control system and can be adopted by it or also overwritten. The user can select the behaviour accordingly.

5.6 Operating mode: Firmware Update Mode

The devices are supplied with a software programmed according to their functionality. If the functions of the devices are extended,

this will be carried out in the firmware. It is therefore necessary to carry out a firmware update if the new functionality shall be used.

6 Basic functionalities of the entire system

6.1 Internal cycle times

The cycle time of the system depends on the number of data to be transmitted between the CPC20 bus controller and the projected slots for the ESX60D electronic circuit protectors.

It is possible to choose the data quantity for the communication of the superordinate control unit. This can be achieved by using the different data models. It is therefore possible to transmit either the status, the measuring values for the load current and the output voltage of the electronic circuit protector or to only send the circuit protector status to the superordinate control unit. The choice between the various data models is made available to the user in the GSDML file of the control system. These are configuration data which are transmitted to the store programme control by means of the hardware configuration of the CPC20.

The cycle time per bus with 16 18plus-AM03 modules is approx. 520 ms for the cyclical data. A window of 70 ms is kept free for non-cyclical data. In total, this is a max. cycle time of 590 ms.

The ESX60D electronic circuit protectors can be plugged into the 18plus-AM03 power distribution module at any time. After plugging in a circuit protector, it will automatically be parameterised if parameters are available for the slot in question. Transmission of the parameters will be without interruption of the

6.2 Hot swap of circuit protectors

cyclical data exchange between the CPC20 and the ESX60D electronic circuit protector.

6.3 Communication via the USB service interface

The maintenance and service interface allows direct access to the CPC20 bus controller. Firmware updates for the CPC20 are possible via this interface.

6.4 About the additional Ethernet interface

The additional Ethernet interface extends the functional scope of the bus controller. The following functionalities are provided via this interface.

6.4.1 Web Server

The web server offers the entire scope of measuring data, status information, parameterisation options and control function of the CPC20 bus controller. The parameterisation of the interface is described separately.

6.4.1.1 Default IP address -X91

The default IP address of the CPC20 is: 192.168.1.1
The web server can be reached via this IP address.

6.4.1.2 User name and password

In order to be able to carry out configurations, the user has to have the required access authorisation. It is defined in user administration.

The default settings are:

User: admin

Password: admin



We urgently recommend to individually adjust these settings upon startup of the device.

7 Communication via PROFINET

7.1 ControlPlex® device model

Up to two power distribution systems can be connected to the CPC20 controller. They consist of the 18plus-EM-03 supply, the 18plus-AM03 connection modules and for the external system, communication is run via the 18plus-TM03 transfer module. These blocks are purely passive. Up to 16 18plus-AM03 connection modules can be configured in slots 2 and 3. The 18plus-AM03 connection modules, which can be directly mounted side-by-side

with the CPC20, are configured at slot 2. The 18plus-AM03 connection modules connected to the 18plus-TM03 transfer module are configured at slot 3.

The power distribution system **ControlPlex®** uses the following PROFINET model:

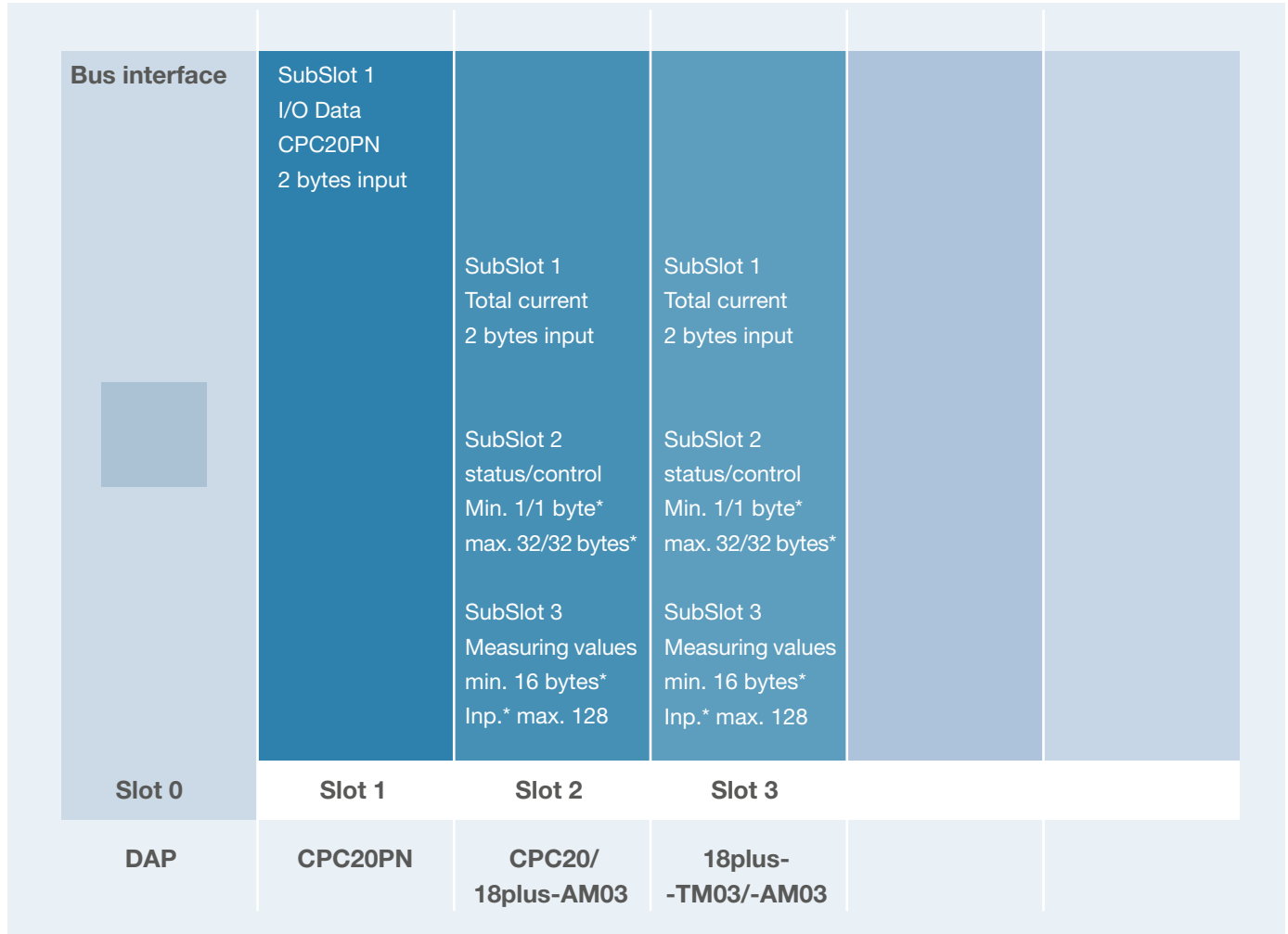


fig. 13: Device model


PROFINET CPC20PN	
Device	<p>The CPC20PN controls itself. It has the following features:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – The PROFINET interface (DAP) via which the master communicates with the CPC20PN – CPC20PN holds the status of the controller. – CPC20 / 18plus-AM03 connection module: it is possible to configure 1 to 16 modules. 18plus-TM03 transfer module / 18plus-AM03 connection module: it is possible to configure 1 to 16 modules.
Slots	<p>Slot 0: Modules are shown here which are required for the PROFINET communication. They do not have to be configured further.</p> <p>Slot 1: Here are the I/O data of the CPC20 controller. A sub-module with firm I/O assignment has already been »plugged« in this slot. This sub-module contains 2 input and output bytes which are described in more detail in the chapter Module I/O Data CPC20 controller. This slot is firmly installed and cannot be removed.</p> <p>Slot 2 -3:  The slots 2-3 correspond to the terminals of the 18plus-AM03 and hold three sub-module slots which can be occupied dynamically by the PLC configuration. The module type is not directly checked, i.e. if 4 x- AM03 modules are »plugged-in« during the project planning stage, but eventually 8 x 18plus modules are connected, this configuration will boot correctly. However, in this case only the first 4 circuit protectors will be included in the cyclical data exchange, the remaining 4 will not be contained in the process data image. The reverse case is equally allowed (8 x 18plus- AM03 module planned, but only 4 x 18plus-AM03 connected. In this case the lacking circuit protectors will be signalled as »not available« in the cyclical process data image).</p>
SubSlots	<p>Each module has three sub-slots:</p> <p>Slot 1: total current of all connected channels</p> <p>Slot 2: status and control bytes of the circuit protectors</p> <p>Slot 3: measuring values of the circuit protectors</p> <p>A corresponding sub-module (from the GSDML file) can be »plugged« into each slot or the slot can remain empty. If the slot remains empty, no cyclical process data will be exchanged for the slot.</p> <p>The quantity of the cyclically to be exchanged process data can be determined via this mechanism (on the level of the number of 18plus modules) depending on the application.</p>

fig. 14: Communication properties

7.2 GSDML file

The IODD file is in the download area of the E-T-A website and can be downloaded there.

7.3 I&M data (identification & maintenance)

The following I&M data are made available by the CPC20 controller:

I&M data	length	data set	meaning	
MANUFACTURER_ID	2 bytes	I&M0	manufacturer identification	0696h
ORDER_ID	20 bytes	I&M0	part number	
SERIAL_NUMBER	16 bytes	I&M0	serial number	
HARDWARE_REVISION	2 bytes	I&M0	revision index	
SOFTWARE_REVISION	4 bytes	I&M0	firmware version	
REVISION_COUNTER	2 bytes	I&M0	revision counter	
PROFILE_ID	2 bytes	I&M0	profile ID	0000h
PROFILE_SPECIFIC_TYPE	2 bytes	I&M0	profile-specific coding	0004h
IM_VERSION	2 bytes	I&M0	version of the I&M data	0101h
IM_SUPPORTED	2 bytes	I&M0	supported data sets	002Eh
TAG_FUNCTION	32 bytes	I&M1	unambiguous marking throughout the plant	
TAG_LOCATION	22 bytes	I&M1	installation area	
INSTALLATION_DATE	16 bytes	I&M2	installation date and time	
DESCRIPTOR	54 bytes	I&M3	comments	

fig. 15: I&M data

8 Cyclical I/O data

Depending on the planned module type and the selected sub-modules, a varying number of data bytes are exchanged in the cyclical data traffic.

The system allows individual determination per slot if I/O data (status/control), measuring values and/or total current shall be transmitted. The GSDML file made available for the projecting tool allows the related configuration the system recognises all

permitted configurations and processes the cyclical data defined in the projection.

Only the module I/O data CPC20 controller is firmly pre-set and cannot be removed because the input bytes hold vital failure and diagnostic information as described in the following.

8.1 Module I/O data CPC20 controller

The 2 bytes input data contain the following global error and diagnostic messages. This module does not contain any output data.

	byte	type	range	description
status controller	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Bit 0 = no configuration data available Bit1 = invalid configuration data bit 2 = reserve bit 3 = reserve Bit4 = command buffer overflow bit 5 = reserve bit 6 = reserve Bit7 = no communication with at least one PWR board Bit8 = reserve Bit9 = CPC temporary error Bit10 = CPC hardware error Bit11 = reserve Bit12 = reserve Bit13 = reserve Bit14 = reserve Bit15 = reserve

fig. 16: Diagnostic data

8.2 Submodule Status/Control

Depending on the number of 18plus-AM03 connection modules used (one 18plus-AM03 module corresponds to two channels), per channel one byte input data with the status of the circuit protector and one byte output data for control of the circuit protector are exchanged here.

Example:

8 18plus-AM03 connection modules equal 16 channels. This results in 16 bytes for status information and 16 bytes for control for the data exchange.

Addressing is effected according to the 18plus-AM03 sequence

- 18plus-AM03 1, channel 1.1 byte address [0]
- 18plus-AM03 1, channel 1.2 byte address [1]
- 18plus-AM03 2, channel 2.1 byte address [2]

.....

8.2.1 Status circuit protector

Design of the input byte per channel is as follows (status circuit protector):

	byte	type	range	description
status	byte	Word	0...255	bit 0 = load output bit 1 = short circuit bit 2 = overload bit 3 = low voltage bit 4 = excess temperature bit 5 = excess temperature bit 6 = limit value current bit 7 = event »True« means the status is active.

fig. 17: Status channel

8.2.2 Control circuit protector

Design of the output byte per circuit protector slot is as follows (control circuit protector):

	byte	type	range	description
Control	0	byte	0...255	bit 0 = load output ON/OFF bit 1 = reset load output (only responds to rising edge) bit 2 = reserve bit 3 = reserve bit 4 = reserve bit 5 = reserve bit 6 = reserve bit 7 = reserve »True« means the status is active.

fig. 18: Control channel

8.3 Submodule measuring values

Depending on the number of 18plus-AM03 connection modules available per channel. The sub-module does not have output data. (one 18plus-AM03 connection module equals two channels)
 four bytes input data with measuring values of load current and load voltage of the corresponding circuit protector are made
 The sequence of the measuring values is load current (2 bytes), followed by load voltage (2 bytes)

Example:

8 18plus-AM03 connection modules equal 16 channels. This results in 16*4, i.e. 64 bytes for the data exchange.

Addressing is effected according to the 18plus-AM03 sequence.

18plus-AM03 1, channel 1.1 byte address [0..1] load current, byte address [2..3] load voltage

18plus-AM03 1, channel 1.2 byte address [4..5] load current, byte address [6..7] load voltage

18plus-AM03 1, channel 2.1 byte address [8..9] load current, byte address [10..11] load voltage

.....

8.3.1 Load current circuit protector

Design of the input bytes per channel is as follows (measuring value load current):

	byte	type	range	description
load current	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Int		Contains the lowest measured current of the channel since the last reset. A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mA is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (150): 100 = 1.50 Ampere

fig. 19: Load current channel

8.3.2 Load voltage circuit protector

Design of the input bytes per channel is as follows (measuring value load current):

	byte	type	range	description
Load voltage	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Int		A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mV is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (2512): 100 = 25.12 Volt

fig. 20: Load voltage channel

8.4 Submodule total current

The sub-module total current supplies a standardised 16 Bit value with the calculated total current of all 18plus-AM03 modules in slot (2 byte input data). The sub-module does not have output data. The measuring value is indicated as follows:

	byte	type	range	description
Load voltage	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Int		A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mA is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (1320): 100 = 13.20 Ampere

fig. 21: Total current

9 Non-cyclical data

Non-cyclical PROFINET services allow exchange of more data with the CPC20 controller and the circuit protectors. Access also allows direct addressing of a circuit protector. PROFINET index and slot number are used for this. For reading and editing controller data, slot 1 is used. Slot 2 is used for reading and

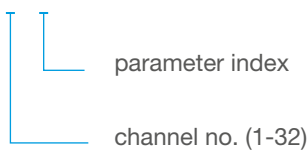
editing the channels on the CPC. Slot 3 is used for reading and editing the channels on the extension board- (Overview of slots see 7.1).

The index is set up as follows:

physics	index digit	description
Channel no. on ELBus	Decimal numbers 10^3 and 10^2	Number of channel to be queried. Valid value range: 00...32
parameter index	Decimal numbers 10^1 and 10^0	The parameter index defines the data range and the data type of the data to be read or written. Valid value range: 01...10

fig. 22: Index structure

02 01



The index is assigned to the following non-cyclical data areas:

Controller

Parameters Index (W)	slot	slot number	number of data bytes	reading (R) writing (W)	description
02	1	00	19	R	device information of CPC20 controller (see chapter 9.1.1).
03	1	00	2	R/W	Configuration data of CPC20 controller (see chapter 9.1.2).
05	1	00	1	W	Action commands for all channels and the CPC20 (see chapter 9.1.3)

fig. 23: Set-up parameter index CPC

channel

Parameters Index (W)	slot	slot number	number of data bytes	reading (R) writing (W)	description
01	2...3	01...32	8	R/W	device parameters of a channel (see chapter 9.2.1).
02	2...3	01...32	19	R	device information of a channel (see chapter 9.2.2).
03	2...3	01...32	17	R/W	configuration data of a channel (see chapter 9.2.3).
04	2...3	01...32	1	R	event of a channel (see chapter 9.2.4).
05	2...3	01...32	1	W	action commands for a channel (see chapter 9.2.5).
06	2...3	01...32	22	R	diagnosis data of a channel (see chapter 9.2.6).
07	2...3	01...32	200	R	bar chart (measuring values 0...199) of a channel (see chapter 9.2.7).
08	2...3	01...32	200	R	bar chart (measuring values 200...399) of a channel (see chapter 9.2.7).
09	2...3	01...32	200	R	bar chart (measuring values 400...599) of a channel (see chapter 9.2.7).
10	2...3	01...32	200	R	bar chart (measuring values 600...799) of a channel (see chapter 9.2.7).

fig. 24: Set-up parameter index channel

9.1 CPC20 controller

The parameters of the controller are described in the following chapters.

9.1.1 »Device information« CPC20 Controller

The device information of the controller consists of 19 bytes.

They will be read with COM = 0, channel = 0 and Index 2.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
circuit breaker p/n	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Int		16406 = CPC20PN-T2 16438 = CPC20EC-T2 16470 = CPC20EN-T2 16502 = CPC20CC-T2 This list may be extended by future controllers.
hardware version	2 HighByte 3 LowByte	Int	0...65535	holds the hardware version of the installed product
assembly order no. internal	4 HwHb 5 HwLB 6 LwHB 7 LwLB	Dint	0...4294967295	holds the assembly order no. of the installed product
Production facilities number	8 HwHb 9 HwLB 10 LwHB 11 LwLB	Dint	0...4294967295	holds the assembly order no. of the installed product
serial number	12 HwHb 13 HwLB 14 LwHB 15 LwLB	Dint	0...4294967295	holds the serial number of the installed product
Software version (major.x.x)	16	byte	0...255	holds the major software version of the installed product
Software version (x.minor.x)	17	byte	0...255	holds the major software version of the installed product
Software version (x.x.build)	18	byte	0...255	holds the build software version of the installed product

fig. 25: Device information CPC

9.1.2 »Configuration« configuration data of CPC20 Controller

The device configuration data for the controller consists of 17 bytes.

They will be read and written with COM = 0, channel = 0 and Index 3.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
Configuration data CPC	0	byte	0xFF	bit 0 = writing via USB or web server. Allows changing of parameters via the interfaces even when the bus connection is active. Bit 1 TRUE: In the event of a bus interruption, the status of the load outputs is maintained. FALSE: In the event a bus interruption, all load outputs will be set to the status OFF. bit 2 saving mode, the LEDs will be dimmed for power reduction. bit 3 = reserve bit 4 = reserve bit 5 = reserve bit 6 = reserve bit 7 = reserve If not described otherwise, »True« means that the function is active.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 1 on CPC channel 1 ... 16	1 HighByte 2 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 1; bit1 = channel 2 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 1 on CPC channel 17 ... 32	3 HighByte 4 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 17; bit1 = channel 18 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 2 extension. channel 1 ... 16	5 HighByte 6 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 1; bit1 = channel 2 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 2 extension. channel 17 ... 32	7 HighByte 8 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 17; bit1 = channel 18 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 3 extension. channel 1 ... 16 reserve	9 HighByte 10 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 1; bit1 = channel 2 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 3 extension. channel 17 ... 32 reserve	11 HighByte 12 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 17; bit1 = channel 18 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 4 extension channel 1 ... 16 reserve	13 HighByte 14 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 1; bit1 = channel 2 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.
Control commands lock EL-Bus 4 extension channel 17 ... 32 reserve	15 HighByte 16 LowByte	Word	0xFFFF	Each bit represents a channel. (bit 0 = channel 1; bit1 = channel 2 ...) If the bit is set, this means that the channel is not switched on or off via the control unit or the web server.

fig. 26: Configuration data CPC

9.1.3 » System commands « system commands CPC20 Controller

The action commands of the controller consist of 1 byte.

They will be written with COM = 0, channel = 0 and index 5.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
system commands	0	byte	0...255	115 = reset error memory 118 = reset device parameters to factory settings including CPC20 192 = reset statistics mirücksetzen 196 = reset statistics maximally 204 = reset device parameters to factory settings 212 = switch off load output 216 = reset load output 200 = reset trip counter 220 = reset statistics mean value Other values will not be accepted.

fig. 27: System commands CPC

9.2 Channel

The parameters of the channels are described in the following chapters.

9.2.1 »Parameter channel« device parameters for a channel

The device parameters for one channel consist of 8 bytes.

They will be read and written with COM = 1, channel = 1..32 and index 1.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
Rated current	0	byte	161...170	Holds the current rating of the channel. With adjustable devices, you can set a new current rating here and transmit with a write command. 161 = 1 A current rating (default value) 162 = 2 A current rating 163 = 3 A current rating 164 = 4 A current rating 165 = 5 A current rating 166 = 6 A current rating 167 = 7 A current rating 168 = 8 A current rating 169 = 9 A current rating 170 = 10 A current rating
Switch-on behaviour	1	byte	161...163	Defines behaviour when connecting the supply voltage 161 = condition before power off (default value) 162 = off 163 = on
Disconnection after overload	2	byte	105...135	Here it is determined at what percentage of rated current of the channel overload shall be signalled. The default value is 120 %.
Trip time at overload	3	byte	0...255	Here it is determined after which period of time in the overload range the load output shall be disconnected. The range is from 50 ms up to 10,000 ms. It is calculated with the factor 50. Example for 3000 ms: Trip time at overload (60) * 50 = 3000 3000 ms The default value is 3000 ms.
Trip time under short-circuit conditions	4	byte	0...255	Here it is determined after which period of time in the overload range the load output shall be disconnected. The range is from 50 ms up to 1,000 ms. It is calculated with the factor 10. Example for 100 ms: Trip time at overload (10) * 10 = 100 3000 ms The default value is 400 ms
ON delay	5	byte	0...255	Here it is determined after which period of time in the overload range the load output shall be disconnected. The range is from 50 ms up to 2,500 ms. It is calculated with the factor 10. Example for 50 ms: Trip time at overload (5) * 10 = 50 3000 ms The default value is 100 ms
limit value load current	6	byte	50...100	Determines at which percentage of the current rating of a channel the message »limit value exceeded« (bit in status of cyclical data) is signalled. The range is from 80 % to 100 %. The default value is 80 %.
Hysteresis for the limit value load current.	7	byte	0...255	This parameter determines the hysteresis of the limit value current. The range is from 5 % to 20 %. The default value is 5 %.

fig. 28: Device parameters channel

9.2.2 »Device information« device information for one channel

The device information for one channel consists of 19 bytes.

It is read with COM = 1...2, channel = 1...32 and index 2.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
circuit breaker p/n	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Int		36894 = ESX60D This list may be extended by future controllers.
hardware version	2 HighByte 3 LowByte	Int	0...65535	holds the hardware version of the installed product
assembly order no. internal	4 HwHb 5 HwLB 6 LwHB 7 LwLB	Dint	0...4294967295	holds the assembly order no. of the installed product
production facilities number	8 HwHb 9 HwLB 10 LwHB 11 LwLB	Dint	0...4294967295	holds the assembly order no. of the installed product
serial number	12 HwHb 13 HwLB 14 LwHB 15 LwLB	Dint	0...4294967295	holds the serial number of the installed product
software version (major.x.x)	16	byte	0...255	holds the major software version of the installed product
software version (x.minor.x)	17	byte	0...255	holds the major software version of the installed product
software version (x.x.build)	18	byte	0...255	holds the build software version of the installed product

fig. 29: Device information channel

9.2.3 »Device type config« configuration data of for one channel

The configuration data for one channel consist of 3 bytes.

They are read and written with COM = 1...2, channel = 1...32 and index 3.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
circuit breaker p/n	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Word	36894	36894 = ESX60D This list may be extended by future circuit protectors.
channel release	2	byte	0xFF	Bit0 Releases the circuit protector. If the bit is not set, the channel is blocked. The remaining bits are not used currently.

fig. 30: Configuration data channel

9.2.4 »Event« event message for one channel

The event messages for one channel consist of 1 byte.

They are read with COM = 1...2, channel = 1...32 and index 5.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
Event	0	byte	0...255	bit 0 = waiting for parameterisation bit 1 = bar chart available bit 2 = new current rating available bit 3 = channel off via momentary switch/switch bit 4 = reserve bit 5 = reserve bit 6 = reserve bit 7 = device error detected »True« means the status is active.

fig. 31: Event messages

9.2.5 »Action commands« action commands for one channel

The action commands for one channel consist of 1 byte.

They are written with COM = 1...2, channel = 1...32 and index 5.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
Action commands	0	byte	0...255	117 = delete bar chart 192 = reset minimum values 196 = reset maximum values 200 = reset trip counter 204 = reset parameters to factory setting 208 = switch on load output 212 = switch off load output 216 = reset load output 220 = reset mean values Other values will not be accepted

fig. 32: Action commands channel

9.2.6 »Dynamic Info« dynamische information for one channel

The dynamic information for one channel consist of 22 bytes.

They are read with COM = 1...2, channel = 1...32 and index 6.

All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
Error memory	0 HighByte 1 LowByte	Int		bit 0 = no parameters available bit 1 = error parameter memory bit 2 = error programme memory bit 3 = error data memory bit 4 = error control unit bit 5 = reset through watchdog bit 6 = reserve bit 7 = reserve bit 8 = error current sensor bit 9 = error fail-safe element bit 10 = reserve bit 11 = reserve bit 2 = reserve bit 3 = reserve bit 4 = reserve bit 5 = reserve »True« means the status is active.
Trip counter	2 HighByte 3 LowByte	Int		The number of trippings since the last reset is shown here.

	byte	type	range	description
reason for trip	4	byte	0...255	0 = no trip 1 = short circuit 2 = overload 3 = device temperature too high 4 = internal device failure
min. load voltage	5 HighByte 6 LowByte	Int		Contains the highest measured voltage of the channel since the last reset. A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mV is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (2512): 100 = 25.12 Volt
max. load voltage	7 HighByte 8 LowByte	Int		Contains the highest measured voltage of the channel since the last reset. A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mV is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (2512): 100 = 25.12 Volt
medium value load voltage	9 HighByte 10 LowByte	Int		Contains the mean voltage value of the channel since the last reset. A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mV is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (2512): 100 = 25.12 Volt
min. load current	11 HighByte 12 LowByte	Int		Contains the lowest measured current of the channel since the last reset. A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mA is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (150): 100 = 1.50 Ampere
max. load current	13 HighByte 14 LowByte	Int		Contains the highest measured current of the channel since the last reset. A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mA is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (150): 100 = 1.50 Ampere
medium value load current	15 HighByte 16 LowByte	Int		Contains the mean current value of the channel since the last reset. A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mA is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (150): 100 = 1.50 Ampere
supply voltage	17 HighByte 18 LowByte	Int		shows the operating voltage of the channel A standardised 16-bit-value with a resolution of 10 mV is made available. Example for calculation of the measuring value: Value (2512): 100 = 25.12 Volt
Temperature	19 HighByte 20 LowByte	Int		The device temperature is shown directly. Example: 25 corresponds to 25 °C
diagnostic information of channel	21	byte	0...255	0 = OK 1 = available device type does not match the configured type 2 = no device detected 144 = device parameters not plausible 145 = no bar chart 146 = slide switch is in OFF position 147 = detected undervoltage 148 = detected excess temperature 149 = reset command required 150 = command was processed correctly 151 = parameterisation required 152 = Internal failure detected 153 = unknown command 154 = set length error 155 = rated current available, check sum error 156 = current rating selector switch was actuated

fig. 33: Dynamic information

9.2.7 »History« bar chart of circuit protector

The bar chart of a circuit protector contains 400 data sets with the measuring values of load voltage (Uload) and load current (Iload). The measuring values are saved as 8 bit values, i.e. a total of 800 data bytes.

The measuring values are permanently saved in the circuit protector with a frequency of 100 Hz. Recording is stopped with disconnection of the load through short circuit, overload or excess temperature (trip). The bar chart will then contain the measuring values of the last 4 seconds. If for example the trip time at overload is parameterised to be 3 seconds, the measuring values will be saved 1 second before and 3 seconds after

overload detection of the circuit protector. As the data quantity is too big for a non-cyclical query, the entire bar chart has to be read with the four indices:

They are read with COM = 1...2, channel = 1...32 and index 7...10. Measuring values 1..200 are picked up with index 7, the measuring values 201...400 with index 8, the measuring values 401..600 with index 9 and the measuring values 601..800 with index 10. All parameters with possible conditions are described in the following table.

	byte	type	range	description
load voltage 1	0	byte	0...255	The load voltage is calculated as follows: value (148) * 0.2 = 24.864 Volt
load current 1	1	byte	0...255	The load current is calculated as follows: (128 - value (80)) * 0.1639 = 7.107 Volt
load voltage 2	2	byte	0...255	The load voltage is calculated as follows: value (148) * 0.2 = 24.864 Volt
load current 2	3	byte	0...255	The load current is calculated as follows: (128 - value (80)) * 0.1639 = 7.107 Volt
...	4...197	byte	0...255	
load voltage 200	198	byte	0...255	The load voltage is calculated as follows: value (148) * 0.2 = 24.864 Volt
load current 200	199	byte	0...255	The load current is calculated as follows: (128 - value (80)) * 0.1639 = 7.107 Volt

fig. 34: Bar chart

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10.2 Technical data

For the technical data of CPC20 please see relevant data sheet.

Notes





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